



- ★ Super Low Gate Charge
- ★ 100% EAS Guaranteed
- ★ Green Device Available
- ★ Excellent CdV/dt effect decline
- ★ Advanced high cell density Trench technology

Product Summary

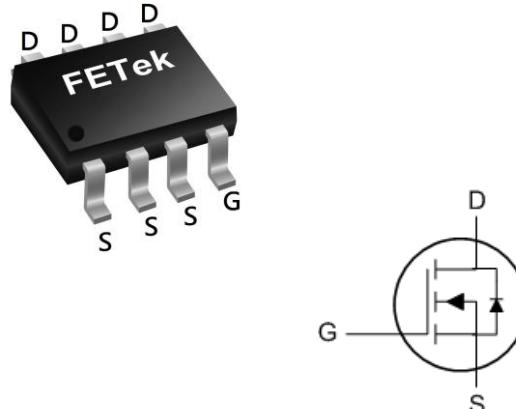
| BVDSS | RDS(ON) | ID |
|-------|---------|-----|
| 60V | 3.6mΩ | 16A |

Description

The FKS6048 is the high cell density trenched N-ch MOSFETs, which provide excellent RDS(ON) and gate charge for most of the synchronous buck converter applications.

The FKS6048 meet the RoHS and Green Product requirement, 100% EAS guaranteed with full function reliability approved.

SOP8 Pin Configuration



Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Symbol | Parameter | Rating | Units |
|--------------------------------------|--|------------|-------|
| V _{DS} | Drain-Source Voltage | 60 | V |
| V _{GS} | Gate-Source Voltage | ±20 | V |
| I _D @T _A =25°C | Continuous Drain Current ¹ | 16 | A |
| I _D @T _A =70°C | Continuous Drain Current ¹ | 12.8 | A |
| I _{DM} | Pulsed Drain Current ² | 64 | A |
| EAS | Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ³ | 101 | mJ |
| I _{AS} | Avalanche Current | 45 | A |
| P _D @T _A =25°C | Total Power Dissipation ⁴ | 1.67 | W |
| T _{STG} | Storage Temperature Range | -55 to 150 | °C |
| T _J | Operating Junction Temperature Range | -55 to 150 | °C |

Thermal Data

| Symbol | Parameter | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|------------------|---|------|------|------|
| R _{θJA} | Thermal Resistance Junction-ambient ¹ (t≤10S) | --- | 40 | °C/W |
| | Thermal Resistance Junction-ambient ¹ (Steady State) | --- | 75 | °C/W |
| R _{θJC} | Thermal Resistance Junction-case ¹ | --- | 24 | °C/W |

Electrical Characteristics ($T_J=25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted)

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|--------------|--|--|------|------|-----------|-----------|
| BV_{DSS} | Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage | $V_{GS}=0V, I_D=250\mu A$ | 60 | --- | --- | V |
| $R_{DS(ON)}$ | Static Drain-Source On-Resistance ² | $V_{GS}=10V, I_D=15A$ | --- | 3.2 | 3.6 | $m\Omega$ |
| | | $V_{GS}=4.5V, I_D=15A$ | --- | 4.5 | 5.4 | $m\Omega$ |
| $V_{GS(th)}$ | Gate Threshold Voltage | $V_{GS}=V_{DS}, I_D=250\mu A$ | 1.2 | --- | 2.3 | V |
| I_{DSS} | Drain-Source Leakage Current | $V_{DS}=48V, V_{GS}=0V, T_J=25^\circ C$ | --- | --- | 1 | μA |
| | | $V_{DS}=48V, V_{GS}=0V, T_J=55^\circ C$ | --- | --- | 5 | |
| I_{GSS} | Gate-Source Leakage Current | $V_{GS}=\pm 20V, V_{DS}=0V$ | --- | --- | ± 100 | nA |
| g_{fs} | Forward Transconductance | $V_{DS}=5V, I_D=15A$ | --- | 65 | --- | S |
| R_g | Gate Resistance | $V_{DS}=0V, V_{GS}=0V, f=1MHz$ | --- | 0.7 | --- | Ω |
| Q_g | Total Gate Charge (10V) | $V_{DS}=30V, V_{GS}=10V, I_D=15A$ | --- | 58 | --- | nC |
| Q_{gs} | Gate-Source Charge | | --- | 16 | --- | |
| Q_{gd} | Gate-Drain Charge | | --- | 4 | --- | |
| $T_{d(on)}$ | Turn-On Delay Time | $V_{DD}=30V, V_{GS}=10V, R_G=3\Omega, I_D=15A$ | --- | 18 | --- | ns |
| T_r | Rise Time | | --- | 8 | --- | |
| $T_{d(off)}$ | Turn-Off Delay Time | | --- | 50 | --- | |
| T_f | Fall Time | | --- | 10.5 | --- | |
| C_{iss} | Input Capacitance | $V_{DS}=30V, V_{GS}=0V, f=1MHz$ | --- | 3458 | --- | pF |
| C_{oss} | Output Capacitance | | --- | 1522 | --- | |
| C_{rss} | Reverse Transfer Capacitance | | --- | 22 | --- | |

Diode Characteristics

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|----------|--|---|------|------|------|------|
| I_s | Continuous Source Current ^{1,5} | $V_G=V_D=0V$, Force Current | --- | --- | 16 | A |
| V_{SD} | Diode Forward Voltage ² | $V_{GS}=0V, I_s=1A, T_J=25^\circ C$ | --- | --- | 1.2 | V |
| t_{rr} | Reverse Recovery Time | $I_F=15A, dI/dt=100A/\mu s, T_J=25^\circ C$ | --- | 24 | --- | nS |
| Q_{rr} | Reverse Recovery Charge | | --- | 85 | --- | nC |

Note :

- 1.The data tested by surface mounted on a 1 inch² FR-4 board with 2OZ copper.
- 2.The data tested by pulsed , pulse width $\leq 300\mu s$, duty cycle $\leq 2\%$
- 3.The EAS data shows Max. rating . The test condition is $V_{DD}=50V, V_{GS}=10V, L=0.1mH, I_{AS}=45A$
- 4.The power dissipation is limited by $150^\circ C$ junction temperature
- 5.The data is theoretically the same as I_D and I_{DM} , in real applications , should be limited by total power dissipation.

Typical Characteristics

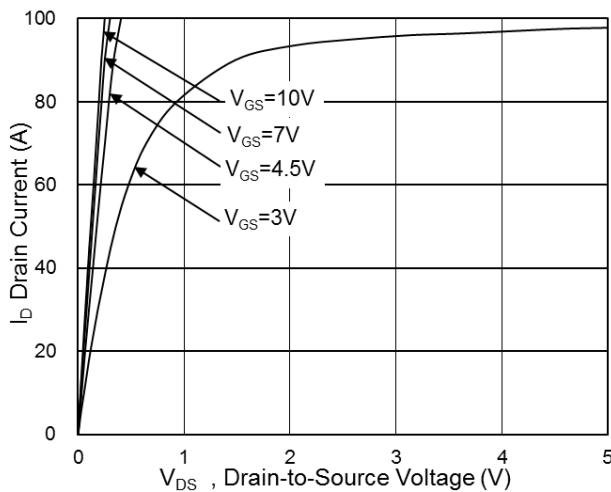


Fig.1 Typical Output Characteristics

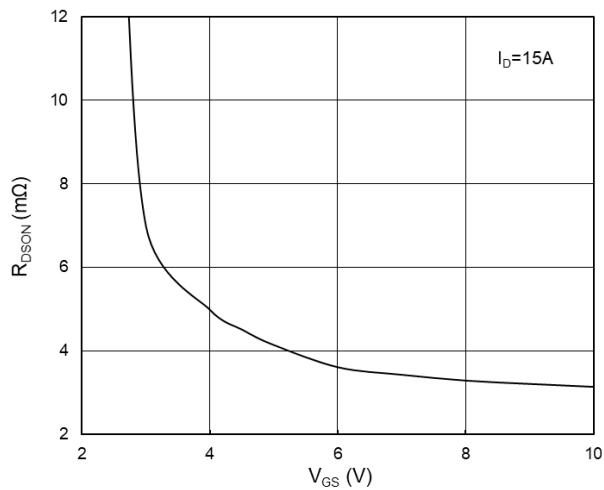


Fig.2 On-Resistance vs G-S Voltage

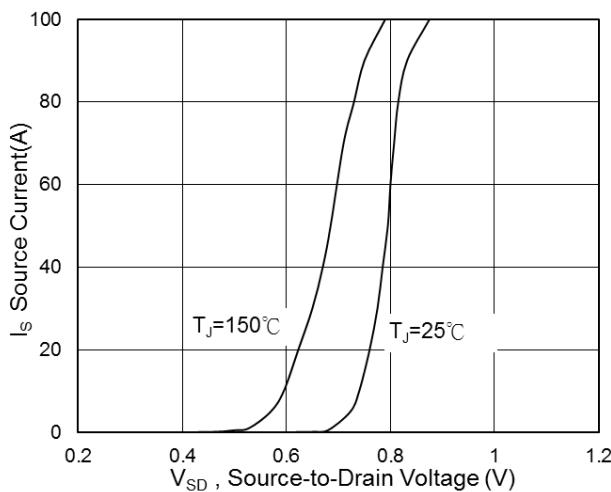


Fig.3 Diode Forward Voltage vs. Current

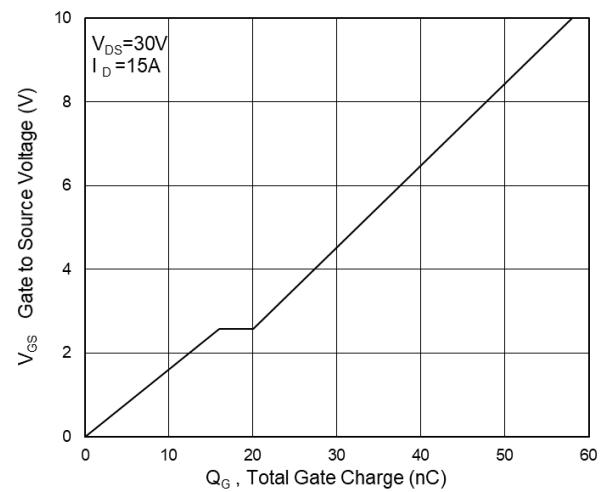


Fig.4 Gate-Charge Characteristics

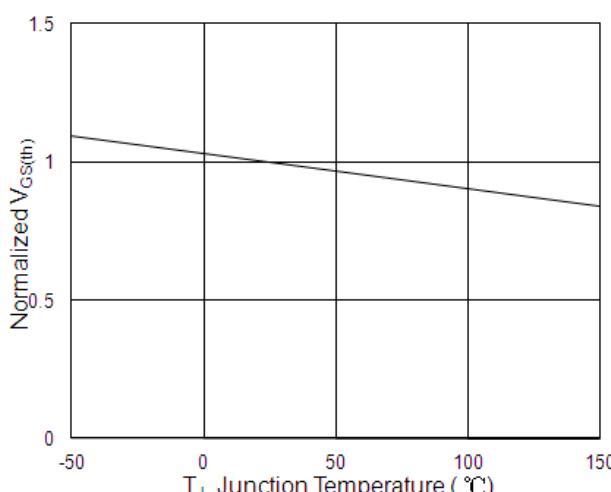


Fig.5 Normalized $V_{GS(th)}$ vs T_J

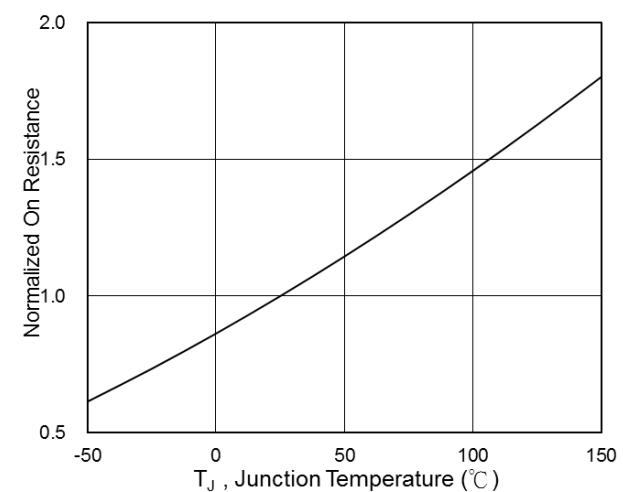
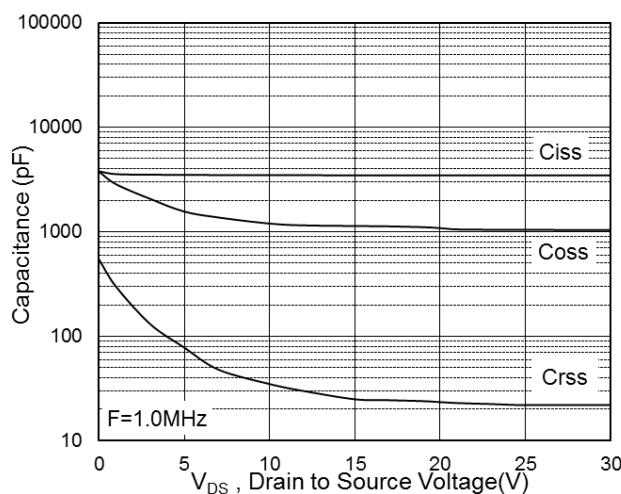
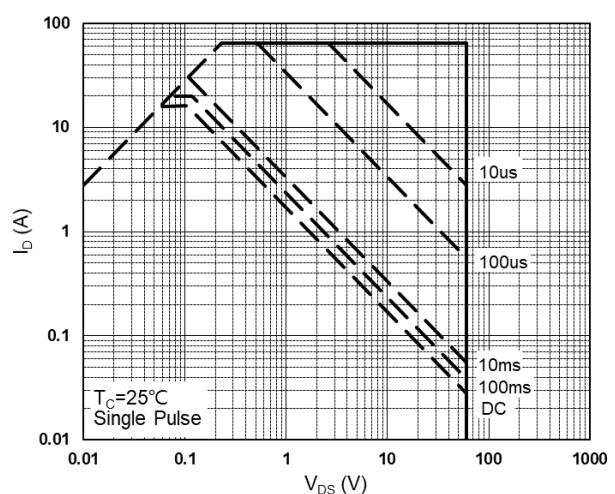
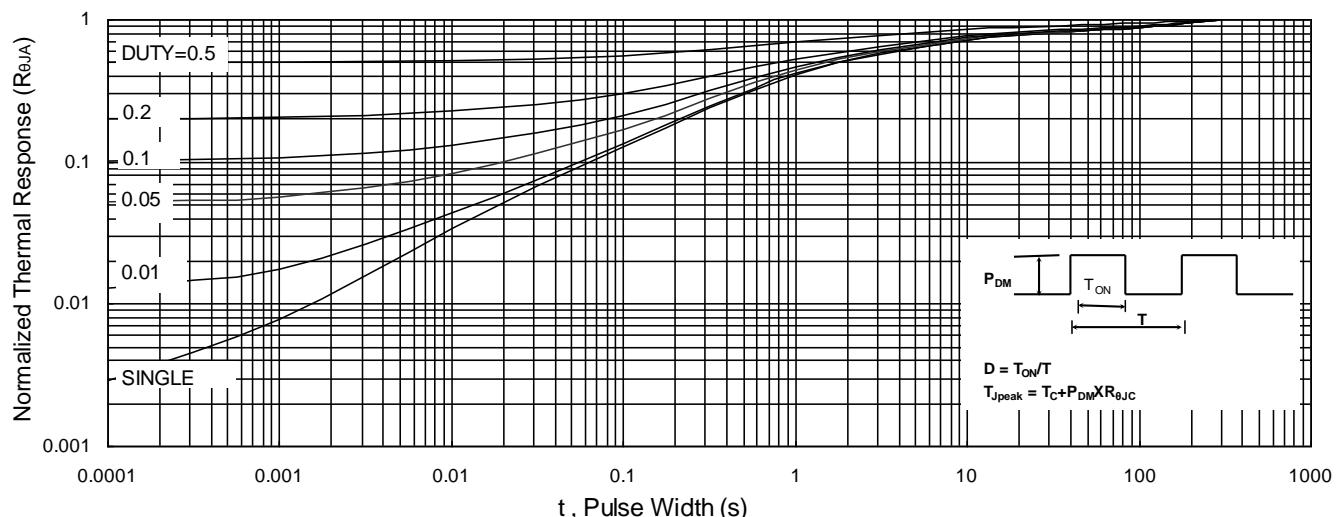
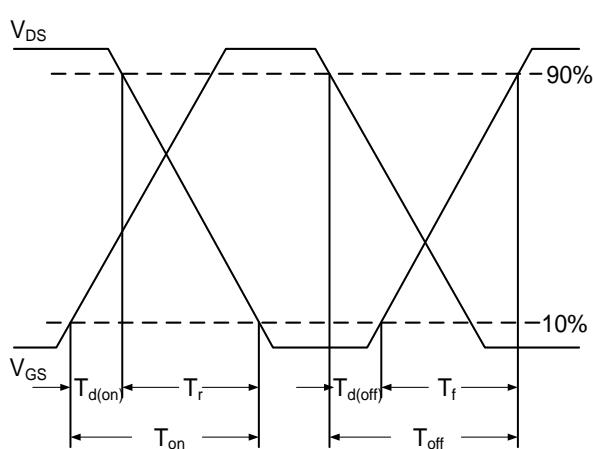
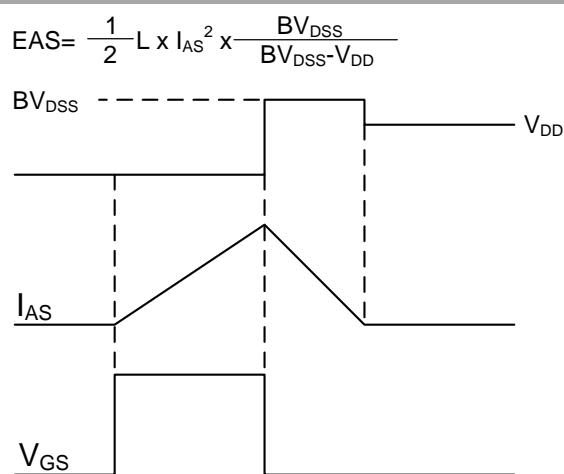


Fig.6 Normalized $R_{DS(on)}$ vs T_J


Fig.7 Capacitance

Fig.8 Safe Operating Area

Fig.9 Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance

Fig.10 Switching Time Waveform

Fig.11 Unclamped Inductive Switching Waveform