

- Green Device Available
- Super Low Gate Charge
- Excellent Cdv/dt effect decline
- Advanced high cell density Trench technology

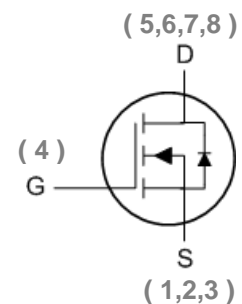
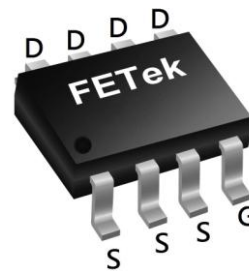
Product Summary


BVDSS	RDSON	ID
100V	20mΩ	7.5A

Description

The FKS0026 is the high cell density trenched N-ch MOSFETs, which provide excellent RDSON and gate charge for most of the synchronous buck converter applications.

The FKS0026 meet the RoHS and Green Product requirement, 100% EAS guaranteed with full function reliability approved.

SOP8 Pin Configuration

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Rating	Units
V_{DS}	Drain-Source Voltage	100	V
V_{GS}	Gate-Source Voltage	± 20	V
$I_D @ T_A = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V^1$	7.5	A
$I_D @ T_A = 70^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V^1$	6	A
I_{DM}	Pulsed Drain Current ²	40	A
EAS	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ³	16	mJ
I_{AS}	Avalanche Current	18	A
$P_D @ T_A = 25^\circ C$	Total Power Dissipation ⁴	2.5	W
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 150	$^\circ C$
T_J	Operating Junction Temperature Range	-55 to 150	$^\circ C$

Thermal Data

Symbol	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance Junction-ambient ¹ ($t \leq 10S$)	---	50	$^\circ C/W$
	Thermal Resistance Junction-ambient ¹ (Steady State)	---	85	$^\circ C/W$

Electrical Characteristics (T_J=25 °C, unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
BV _{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	V _{GS} =0V, I _D =250uA	100	---	---	V
ΔBV _{DSS} /ΔT _J	BVDSS Temperature Coefficient	Reference to 25°C, I _D =1mA	---	0.08	---	V/°C
R _{DS(ON)}	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance ²	V _{GS} =10V, I _D =7A	---	16	20	mΩ
		V _{GS} =4.5V, I _D =5A	---	19	25	
V _{GS(th)}	Gate Threshold Voltage	V _{GS} =V _{DS} , I _D =250uA	1.2	---	2.5	V
ΔV _{GS(th)}	V _{GS(th)} Temperature Coefficient		---	-5.5	---	mV/°C
I _{DSS}	Drain-Source Leakage Current	V _{DS} =80V, V _{GS} =0V, T _J =25°C	---	---	10	uA
		V _{DS} =80V, V _{GS} =0V, T _J =55°C	---	---	100	
I _{GSS}	Gate-Source Leakage Current	V _{GS} =±20V, V _{DS} =0V	---	---	±100	nA
g _{fs}	Forward Transconductance	V _{DS} =5V, I _D =7A	---	24	---	S
R _g	Gate Resistance	V _{DS} =0V, V _{GS} =0V, f=1MHz	---	1.6	---	Ω
Q _g	Total Gate Charge (10V)	V _{DS} =80V, V _{GS} =10V, I _D =7A	---	36	---	nC
Q _{gs}	Gate-Source Charge		---	5	---	
Q _{gd}	Gate-Drain Charge		---	10	---	
T _{d(on)}	Turn-On Delay Time	V _{DD} =50V, V _{GS} =10V, R _G =3.3Ω I _D =7A	---	11.5	---	ns
T _r	Rise Time		---	29	---	
T _{d(off)}	Turn-Off Delay Time		---	42	---	
T _f	Fall Time		---	18	---	
C _{iss}	Input Capacitance	V _{DS} =15V, V _{GS} =0V, f=1MHz	---	1930	---	pF
C _{oss}	Output Capacitance		---	245	---	
C _{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		---	125	---	

Diode Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I _S	Continuous Source Current ^{1,6}	V _G =V _D =0V, Force Current	---	---	7	A
I _{SM}	Pulsed Source Current ^{2,6}		---	---	40	A
V _{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage ²	V _{GS} =0V, I _S =1A, T _J =25°C	---	---	1.2	V
t _{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	IF=7A, di/dt=100A/μs, T _J =25°C	---	48	---	nS
Q _{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge		---	29	---	nC

Note :

- 1.The data tested by surface mounted on a 1 inch² FR-4 board with 2OZ copper.
- 2.The data tested by pulsed, pulse width ≤ 300us, duty cycle ≤ 2%
- 3.The EAS data shows Max. rating. The test condition is V_{DD}=25V, V_{GS}=10V, L=0.1mH
- 4.The power dissipation is limited by 150°C junction temperature
- 5.The data is theoretically the same as I_D and I_{DM}, in real applications, should be limited by total power dissipation.

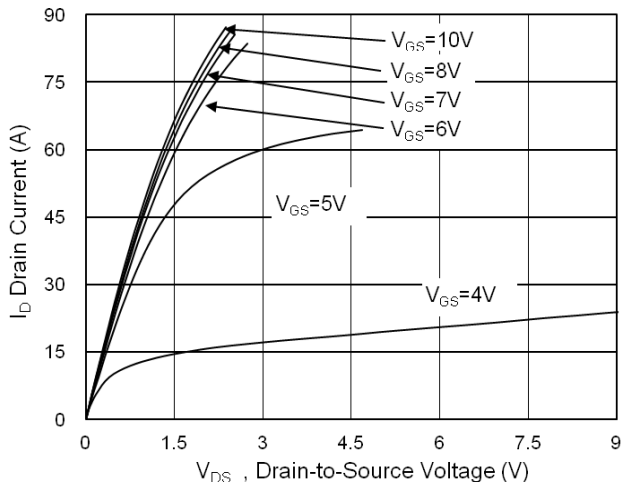


Fig.1 Typical Output Characteristics

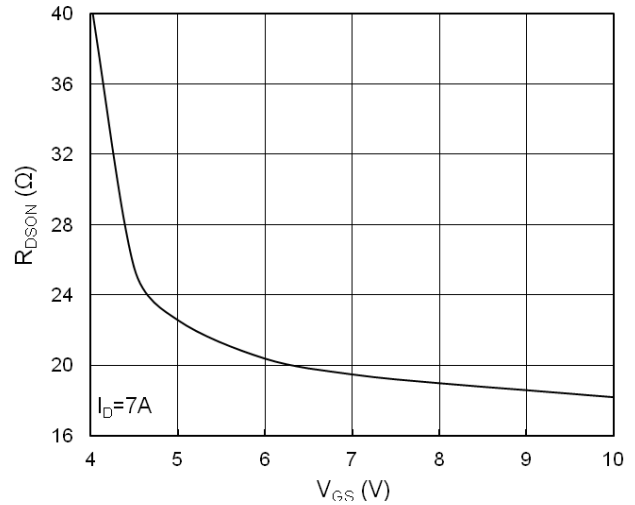


Fig.2 On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source

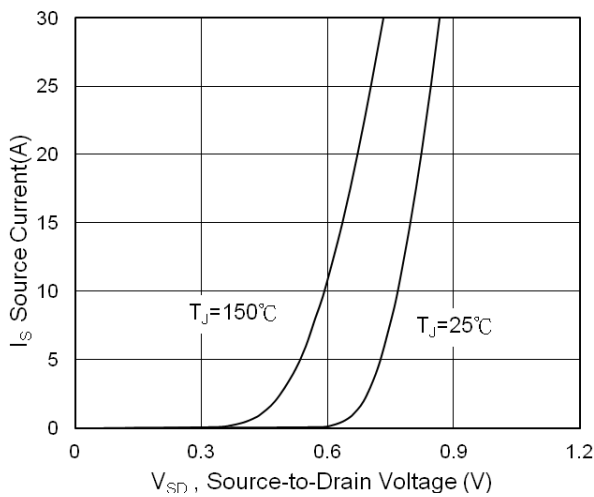


Fig.3 Forward Characteristics Of Reverse

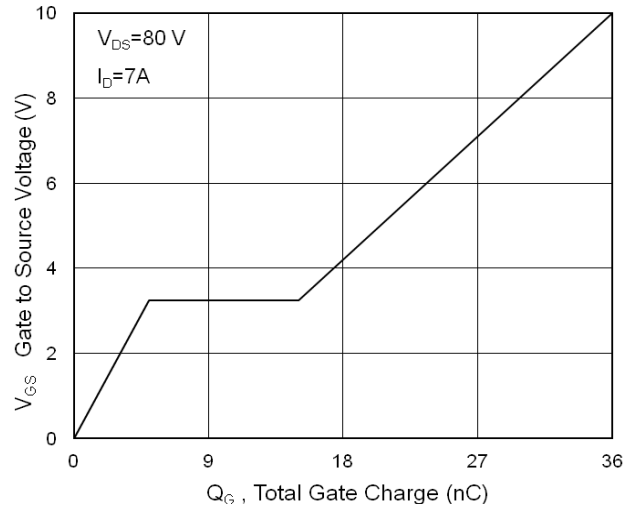


Fig.4 Gate-Charge Characteristics

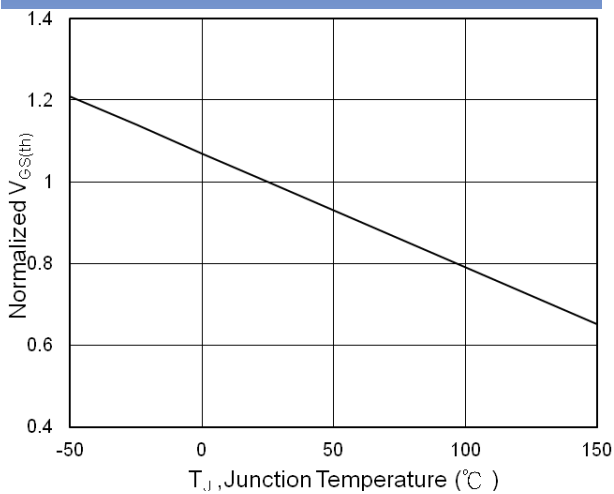


Fig.5 Normalized $V_{GS(th)}$ vs. T_J

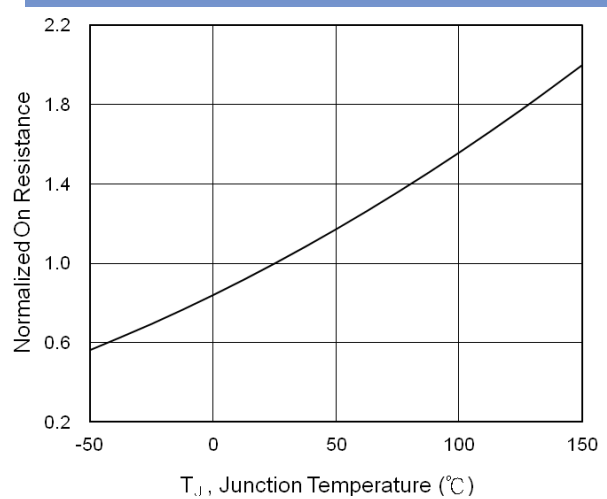


Fig.6 Normalized $R_{DS(on)}$ vs. T_J

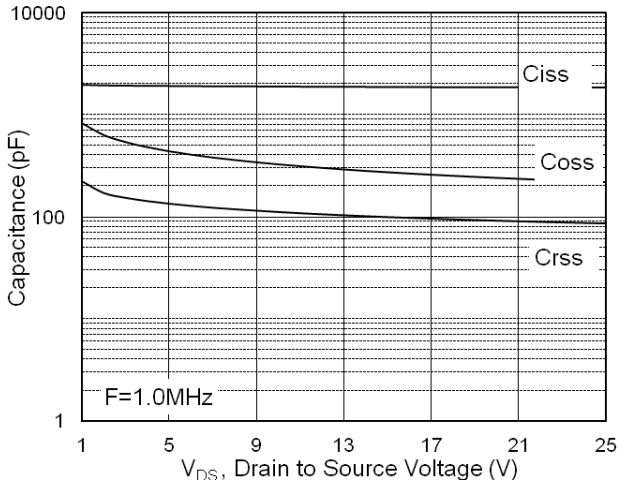


Fig.7 Capacitance

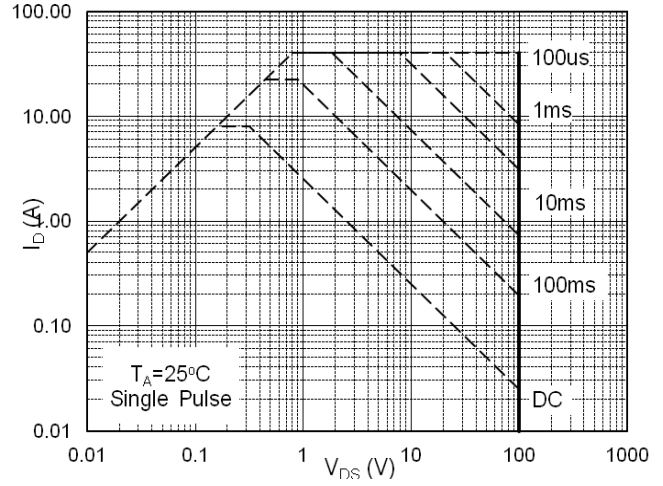


Fig.8 Safe Operating Area

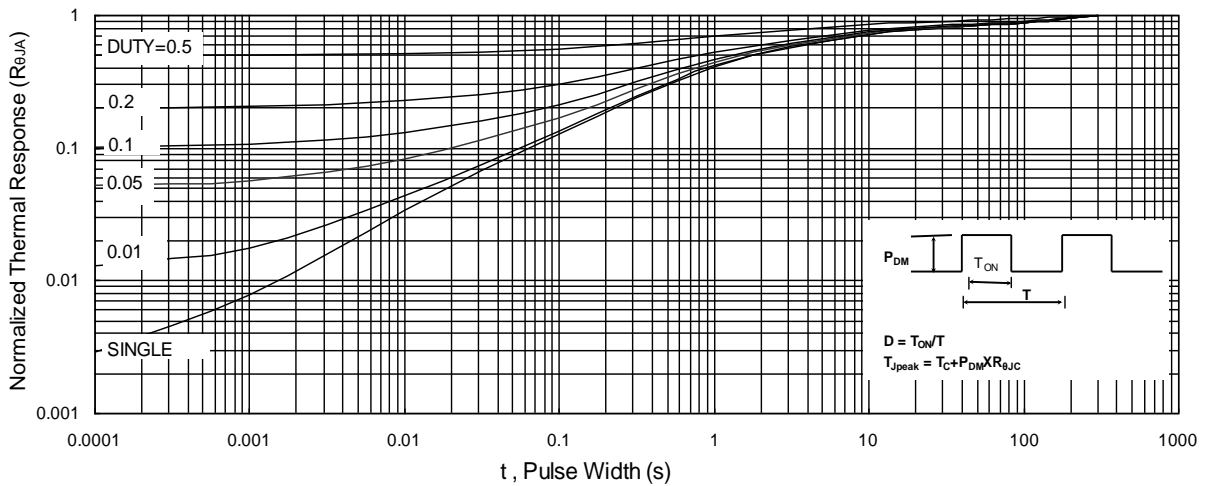


Fig.9 Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance

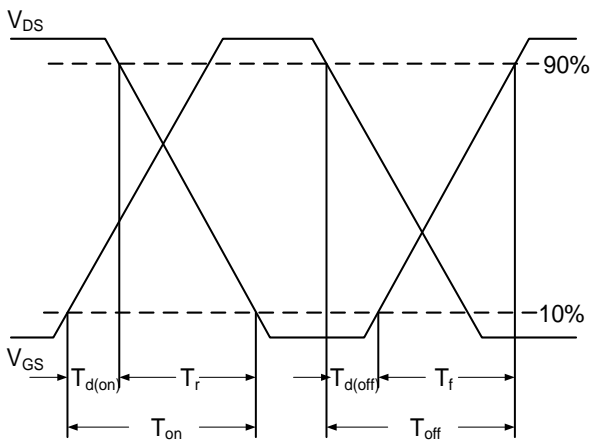


Fig.10 Switching Time Waveform

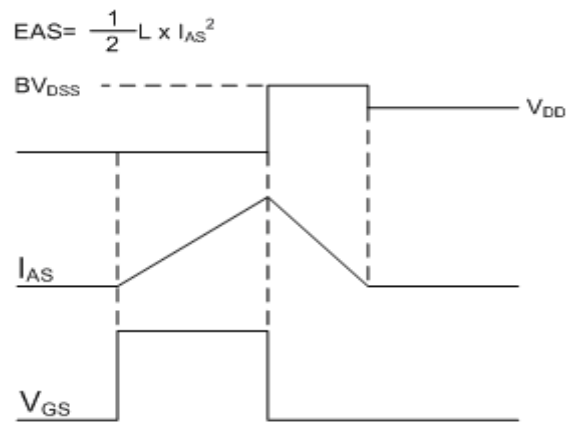


Fig.11 Unclamped Inductive Switching Waveform